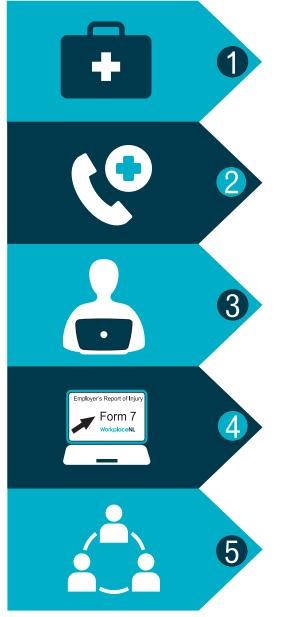
Employers In case of injury at work



Provide First Aid

Activate Emergency Medical Services (EMS), and secure the area to protect others from injury.

Report Serious Injuries

Contact your OH&S regulator.

t 709.729.4444

Provincially-regulated: Federally-regulated: t 709.772.5022 t 1.800.641.4049

Offshore (C-NLOPB): t 709.682.4426

Document

Complete and keep an incident investigation report.

Tell WorkplaceNL

Go online with connect to submit the Employer's Report of Injury (Form 7) within 3 days. Advise employee to submit a Worker's Report of Injury (Form 6).

Stay Connected

Work with your employee and go online with **connect** to submit an Early and Safe Return-to-Work Plan within 5 days of having received the Health Care Reporting Form.

Revised December 2017

WorkplaceNL

Health | Safety | Compensation

1.800.563.9000

workplacenl.ca

Manual Materials Handling

Manual materials handling (MMH) includes the activities of lifting, lowering, pushing, pulling, carrying, handling and moving loads.

Make a plan before you start



Test the weight of the load.

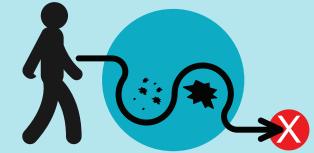
Warm up your muscles first.



Use mechanical handling aids when possible, (e.g. forklift, dolly, height adjustable tables).



Take extra care with awkwardly shaped objects, slippery surfaces, liquids, and contents that may shift.



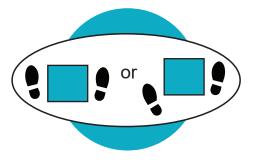
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Inspect your path of travel and remove hazards.

When picking up a load

When handling/carrying



Widen your stance for stability.



Firm up your core.



Bend at the hips and keep your back straight.



Grasp the object with a firm grip. Use handles if available.



Ask for help if a load appears too heavy. Don't try to lift it.









Continue to keep your core firm for the entire duration of the lift. Carry the load centred, with the heaviest part against your trunk.

When setting down a load



Set the load down on the edge of the surface (e.g. table, shelf), adjust hand position and push the load into place. Take small steps.

G

If you need to turn, pivot or turn with your feet.



Place frequently lifted objects at waist level or between mid-thigh and chest height.



What is minimum wage?

When can

I take my

break?

Who pays for my uniform?



Whether you're 16 or 60, your rights as an employee in Newfoundland and Labrador are protected - by law.

From work hours to wages, time off to termination, we've got the answers to remove the guesswork :)

So after you punch out today, be sure to punch in our URL. www.gov.nl.ca/ecc/labour/nonunion





labourstandards@gov.nl.ca

Environment and Climate Change

Workers If you're injured at work



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Are YOU at Risk for Sprains and Strains?



FORCE Lifting, moving, handling and gripping objects with effort.

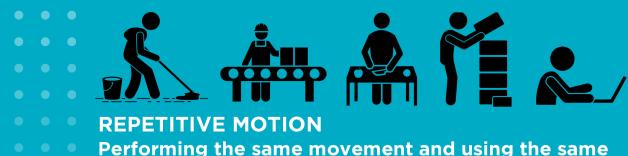


AWKWARD POSTURE Bending, twisting, reaching, crouching, kneeling and overhead work.

muscles over and over.



SUSTAINED POSTURE Sitting, standing, leaning and keeping a fixed body position.



++Combinations of these activities put you at higher risk.

Tools and Resources

- MSI Risk Factor Checklist: Find risk factors in your work
- Free self-paced learning: Introduction to Musculoskeletal Injuries



t 1.800.563.9000

e safety@workplacenl.ca WorkplaceNL

w workplacenl.ca

Do Not Ignore the Warning Signs

By identifying the warning signs of musculoskeletal injury (MSI), action can be taken before injury occurs.

▲ MSI WARNING SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS

- Pain
- Heaviness
- Muscle tightness
- Swelling
- Burning or feeling of "pins and needles"
- Grinding or crackling sound
- Numbness
- Skin colour change
- Tired feeling in the affected area
- Joint stiffness

3 STEPS CAN PREVENT WARNING SIGNS TURNING INTO INJURY

An MSI is an injury of the muscles, tendons, joints, nerves, blood vessels, or related soft tissue.



REPORT WARNING SIGNS

Report symptoms to your supervisor promptly for early intervention.

They can occur anywhere in the body but commonly affected areas are the back, neck, arm, or knee.



FIND MSI RISK FACTORS Work with your supervisor to identify MSI risk factors contributing to your symptoms.

3—

MANAGE RISK FACTORS

Eliminate or reduce the risk factors to resolve symptoms and prevent MSI.

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